# THE MOUNTAINEER.

"DO WHAT IS RIGHT, LET THE CONSEQUENCE FOLLOW!"

SUPPLEMENT 4. GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1860. GRATIS.



THE

MOUNTAINEER.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY:

*SATURDAY, SEPT.* 22, 1860.


### THE FAIR.

On the fourth of next month we are informed that an annual exhibition will be held in this city, of all the valuable products of our territory. To those who are not aware of the benefits resulting from such exhibitions, we have simply to say that the awardments there made will entitle the parties to whom they are made the *first name* in their line in the market.

Utah has heretofore deserved the fame of raising the best quality of really serviceable horses and cattle. The Tartaric and Arabian blood have been found in her *Caballados*.

The best blood of English cattle has been seen in her herds. We have seen them on the range. We want to see them at our fair.

As fine wool as ever gave beauty to the texture of the coat of a nobleman grows upon the flocks of Utah. We speak not of recent importations, although fine bucks have come in during the past summer. But, if we are a judge of the matter, some two or three years agone we saw fleeces on an island about fifteen miles from here that would compare most favorably with the best of any country.

On this matter perchance we may be termed a meddler, but for our volunteered opinion, if out of place, we ask forgiveness. We would suggest that at our annual fairs, leading prizes or diplomas should favor homebred stock. Industry, economy, and prudential care should ever have the precedence of wealth. The latter may bring to us the best of importations. But, unused to the climate, animals thus imported are generally unfitted for service in the mountains. The former will produce flocks and herds that will endure the severe winters and the scorching summers, and perform the hardy service required of them among our rugged hills or on our barren deserts.

Again, the deserts, we were compelled by persecution to resort to to avoid the civilization of more congenial climes, have been made "to blossom as the rose," have indeed fulfilled the predictions of the ancient seer. Let us see at our fair the grain, the fruits, and the [illegible] of their fulfilment.

Nor are we in the least behind our Eastern neighbors in the mechanical arts. We may not have all their appliances and facilities as yet. But let our mechanics bring forward the workmanship of their hands and give it a test with the best of other lands.

Many things might be talked of on this subject. We consider it unnecessary to lengthen out our remarks, save simply to remind our fellow citizens of Utah that the *Annual Fair* was originated for the encouragement of the farmer, the stock-raiser, the mechanic, and all the arts and sciences pertaining to civilized life. Let us have, then, a fair that will do our territory credit; and while the world east is in commotion about who shall occupy thrones or who shall fill the Presidential chair, shew to all that we, at least, are fulfilling our God—ordained destinies and nourishing and cultivating the earth, the animals that roam thereon and all its fruits, flowers and products of every kind to the honor of nature's God, and for the benefit of our fellow-men.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO MISSIONARIES.

No one who has had any experience in the field of labor allotted to missionaries from Utah, can read without genuine satisfaction, the remarks made by President Young as instructions to the elders going abroad, published in the last number of the *News*. There is, through the whole discourse, a plainness and fatherly care manifested for the interests of the poor, that cannot but command the respect of every lover of his fellow-beings. As a journalist, we are not religiously inclined. Yet we could not forego the privilege of saying to our readers, among whom are some of those who now go to far-off lands; if you did listen, read again, ponder well, digest, and live fully up to the instructions therein contained. By doing so, you will, in the long run, be wiser, better and richer men; your families will be more happy and comfortable, if not now, bye and bye, and the blessings of the liberated poor will follow you through life, and make your names and those of your wives and children honored in time and in the worlds to come.

We wish to make no comments on the instructions. They form a sermon that needs them not. They are in fact, a volume of inestimable value; and we not only trust, but feel assured, that they will not be passed by unheeded.

### LATEST FROM THE EAST.

Upon a private letter, dated the 13th inst., by the pony, we learn that Mr. Breckinridge has withdrawn from the Presidential canvass field. The news was only given as rumor, and we cannot vouch for its veracity. If it is correct, Mr. Douglas will doubtless now stand the favorite of the field. There are quite a number who covet that "old arm chair" and we can scarcely stop who of the present candidates would be our favored choice for its occupancy. Should Mr. Douglas be successful, we shall ask him to be true to his own platform, and not prove by his acts what has been often remarked, that his "popular sovereignty" speeches and essays were but popular tricks to obtain the popular vote, and after that the populace might go to the—where they pleased.

## Local News.

To the West.—His honor, Judge Flenniken, accompanied by Henry Grice, Esq., U. S. Marshal, purposes leaving this city on Tuesday next for Carson County. Ex-Judge Cradlebaugh will doubtless give his honor a cordial welcome.

New Goods.—From General Lewis Robison, arrived from Green River on Thursday last, we are informed that the train of goods belonging to the firm of Hooper, Eldredge & Co., was encamped at the mouth of Echo Kanyon on Wednesday, and will be in the city at the latest on Monday next. They have in their train thirty wagons.

To Congress.—Our delegate, Col. Hooper, leaves us for his field of labor and trouble on Thursday the 27th. He takes with him the hearty good-will and blessings of all his constituents. Elder Cannon and the missionaries of recent appointment, with others who go east on private business, will accompany him. To all we can say no less than God bless you.

Arrival.—Captain John Taylor's company, composed of temporary settlers in Iowa, arrived in this city on Monday evening. The train consisted of sixteen wagons. The emigrants looked well; one birth occurred, and no deaths.

### PROBATE COURT.

Hon Elias Smith presiding.

Saturday, Sept. 15th, 1860, court met pursuant to adjournment.

The case of the people vs. Lot Huntington was called up, and Messrs. Ferguson and Appleby appeared to defend the prisoner.

The following jurors were empannelled and sworn to try the case:

C. D. Barnum, Elijah Thomas, I. D. Allphin, Joseph B. Elder, Charles M. Donald-on Albert P. Tyler, John Hoagland, George Woodard, Lucas Hoagland, Nathaniel H. Felt, Enoch Reese and Joseph Chamberlain.

Mr. Miner opened the case to the jury, on the part of the prosecution, and Mr. Ferguson for the defense.

Robert J. Golding, Andrew Burt and Albert Dewey were sworn and testified for the prosecution. They were then cross-examined by Mr. Appleby, and the facts elicited showed that Huntington was present, on or about the 4th day of August last, when one Isaac Neibaur drew a revolver and presented it at Mr. P. K. Dotson, that Mr. Golding requested the [illegible] to desist, which he consented to do, and that the witnesses were all policemen at the time of the occurrence.

Mr. Ferguson proposed to submit the case to the jury without argument, but Mr. Miner declined, and therefore proceeded to address the jury.

Mr. Ferguson addressed the jury for the defense.

The Judge then instructed them in the law, and they retired in charge of the bailiff.

The case of the people vs. Kenneth McRae, mentioned in last week's report, was called, and the following jury sworn to try the case:

Wm. Burgess, Harrison Burgess, J. R. Phippin, Hugh Day, John M. Chichester, Frederick Kesler, T. J. Brown, Elias Morris, John Sill, David Le Barron, Thomas Forsyth and David Fullmer.

Mr. Miner opened the case to the jury, and in his speech showed that the prisoner stood charged with aiding and abetting in a riot, said to have been committed on the 4th of last August.

Messrs. Ferguson and Appleby, who appeared for the prisoner, did not consider it necessary to make a long speech, but chose rather to go to the evidence at once.

The witnesses who testified in the Huntington case were then sworn and examined in this. They all remembered having seen the prisoner with a certain riotous party on the 4th day of August, but only saw him acting the part of a "loafer," or looker on; he was neither doing nor saying anything that would aid or assist in the accomplishment of the riot spoken of.

The prosecution rested the case, and Mr. Ferguson immediately proposed to submit the case to the jury, under the instruction of the court, without argument, to which the prosecuting attorney agreed.

The jury empannelled in the case of Lot Huntington, charged with riot, came into court, as the jury in this case were retiring, and rendered a verdict of "Not Guilty," and therefore Mr. Huntington was discharged.

Frederick Kesler, Harrison Burgess, William Burgess and J. M. Chichester were excused from attendance upon the court.

The court ordered a rule entered against Charles Taylor, a juror, for absenting himself from court without leave.

The county attorney said he was satisfied that he could not maintain a successful prosecution in the case of John M. Luce, charged with riot, therefore by leave of the court, he would enter a *nolle prosqui*. This being done, his honor discharged Mr. Luce from custody.

The jury empannelled to try the case of the people vs. Kenneth McRae, came into court, and returned a verdict of "Not Guilty."

Court took a recess till 4 p.m., at which hour the session was resumed.

Henry Rich, who had previously pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny, was brought into court, and sentenced to 60 days' imprisonment in the county jail, after which the court adjourned till Monday morning at 10 a.m.

Monday, Sept. 17, 10 o'clock.

Court met pursuant to adjournment. The case of Lyman Peters called up, and the court overruled the motion to quash, filed on the 12th inst.

The rule issued against Charles Taylor, a delinquent juror, was returned served, and after hearing the statement of the defendant, the court ordered the rule discharged on the defendant paying costs.

Grand jury came into court, and presented a true bill against Deloss M. Gipson for murder; the foreman, Mr. Anthony Ivins, reported that there was no further business before them, whereupon the grand jury was discharged, and the court adjourned till the 18th inst., at 10 a.m.

Tuesday, Sept. 18, 10 o'clock.

Thomas Isaac and Samuel Walsh, who were held in custody on a warrant of committal, issued by Justice Miner, on a charge of larceny, were brought into court, and the grand jury having failed to present a bill of indictment against said prisoners, the court ordered that they be discharged.

Lyman Peters was then placed at the bar, Bradford, Julia and George Leonard, and Charles Woodmansee were sworn, and testified on the part of the prosecution, and John Hepworth, Augustus P. Hardy, Aurelius Miner, Elizabeth Ann Hardy, M. Tocles, Charles Woodmansee and Albert P. Rockwood testified on the part of the defense.

The jury was addressed by Mr. Miner for the prosecution, and Mr. Grow for the defense.

After being absent a short time the jury returned and rendered a verdict of "Not Guilty."

Court adjourned till to morrow at 10 a.m.

Wednesday, Sept. 19th.

The case of Simon Baker for assault was called, and a venire for a jury of 12 men issued.

Deloss M. Gipson was brought into court and arraigned on an indictment for murder, to which he pleaded "Not Guilty."

The court set Tuesday, the 2nd day of October next for the trial of the case. The court ordered that a venire issue for 24 good and lawful men, to serve as traverse jurors, returnable at the above date, after which the court took a recess till 2 p.m.

At 2 o'clock the court resumed its session, and the case of Simon Baker was resumed.

The prisoner declined having any counsel to assist him, whereupon the court proceeded to empannel a jury in said case, as follows:

Kleber Worley, James A. Cheaney, William Hickenlooper, Thomas H. Woodbury, James Currie, Henry Woodmansee, Shadrack Roundy, Joseph F. Palmer, taken; Henry W. Lawrence, Frederick Heath and Thomas Heath, were excused by court for cause; William B. Twitchell, taken. The pannel being exhausted, the prosecution and defense agreed to submit the case to a jury of nine men.

William P. and Ashton Nebeker, testified on the part of the prosecution, and Benjamin and Charlotte Baker for the defense.

The jury was addressed by Mr. Miner for the prosecution, and submitted by the defence without argument, and the jury being charged by the judge, retired.

The case of the people of G. S. L. City vs. John Leonard, in appeal from Jeter Clinton, alderman, was called up.

Mr. Miner made a motion to dismiss the appeal, there being no law allowing an appeal from the alderman's court.

The court sustained the motion, and ordered the case dismissed at the cost of the appellant.

The jury empannelled in the case of the People vs. Simon Baker, indicted for an assault on Wm. P. and Ashton Nebeker, presented the following verdict: "The People vs. Simon Baker, in Probate Court, Sept. 19, 1860. We, the jury, find the prisoner guilty on the second count of the indictment, and fine him the sum of fifty dollars and costs.—Wm. Hickenlooper, foreman.

Court adjourned till the 20th inst., 2 o'clock.

Thursday, Sept. 20, 2 p.m.

The case of Bradford Leonard vs. Randolph Alexander, in assumpsit, was called up, and Mr. W. J. McCormick, attorney for the plaintiff, asked leave to withdraw the papers filed in the case.

Court ordered that the plaintiff pay the costs.

The case of Leonard I. Smith vs. Peter K. Dotson, in appeal from Justice Miner's court, was called.

Mr. Almerin Grow appeared for plaintiff, and Mr. W. J. McCormick for the defendant.

On the application of the counsel for the defence, a continuance was granted till the 22nd inst.

Court adjourned till Saturday at 2 p.m.

J. V. Long, *Reporter*.

## Communications.

### NOTICE TO COUNTY SURVEYORS AND SETTLERS UPON PUBLIC LANDS.

Surveyor General's Office,
G. S. L. City, U. T., Sept. 8, 1860.

In obedience to instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, I respectfully call the attention of all concerned in surveying and making settlements upon lands, not opened for settlement by the Government of the United States, to the following items of information:

On the 23d of April last, a letter was received at this office from Porter C. Rector, Esq., "surveyor for the county of Carson, U. T.," dated April 4, 1860, onclosing *twenty-two certificates* of surveys made by him in that county, upon application of settlers in occupancy of unsurveyed lands, in which letter he inquires as follows:

"I would like to have you give me some information, to wit—is it necessary for me to send these certificates, and diagrams on them, of every survey. The Probate Judge appointed me, if that is all right, well and good; if you think it is not, I wish you would send me the commission. There are a few that say that I ought to get it that way." ° ° °

The certificate, marked No. 1, above referred to (which, in form, is the same as the others), is in the following words:

*"To Surveyor General U. T.*

"Know all men by these presents, that I, P. C. Rector, county surveyor for the county of Carson, U. T., upon application of J. F. Whitcomb, R. C. Wilcox and J. H. Todman, have this 3d day of April, A.D. 1860, surveyed a certain tract or parcel of land taken up and located by them for farming and shingle manufacturing, the same being and lying on west of Eagle Valley, U. T., and more particularly described as follows, to wit, commencing at stake marked S. E. on the north line of B. Small & Co.'s Rancho, and running north 15 sec. W., 340 rods to stake; thence S. 75 sec. W. 320 rods to stake; thence S. 15 sec. E. 22 40-100 rods to stake; thence S. 70 E. 286 rods to the place of beginning, containing 282 60-100 acres, more or less.

"In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this day and year first above written. (Signed) P. C. Rector, [Seal]
"County Surveyor."

I answered Mr. Rector's letter on the day it was received. From that letter, dated April 23, 1860, I make the following extract, viz.:

"In reply to the above inquiries, I have to say that I possess no power to grant any of the requests, or comply with any of the duties contained in your letter. There has not been any surveys of public lands in Carson County authorized by the Government of the United States; and no deputy surveyors can be appointed by the United States Surveyor General, to survey any portion of this Territory, without that authority. In reference to the commission you now claim to hold, under an appointment of the probate judge of your county, and other matters concerning the legality of the surveys you have made, or may hereafter make, under that appointment, I will briefly give you my opinion, and refer you to the laws on which that opinion is based." ° ° ° °

On the 25th of April, 1860, I wrote to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, enclosing him a copy of the foregoing correspondence, with copies of all the papers sent me by Mr. Rector, soliciting further instructions in reference to such surveys, and settlements upon public lands, before being surveyed under authority of the United States. The Commissioner responded to my letter under date of July 2, 1860. I make the following extract from his letter, which I commend to the perusal and consideration of all who may be interested therein:

"In the first place such surveys are in direct violation of law, with forfeiture of even a color of claim by reason of illegality, as will be found upon reference (1st) to an act of Congress approved March 3, 1807—U. S. Statutes, Vol. 2, pages 445, 446—declaring that "any person who shall survey, or attempt to survey, or cause to be surveyed, any such lands, or designate any boundaries thereon by marking trees or otherwise, until thereto authorized by law, shall forfeit all his or their right, title and claim, if any he hath, or they have, to the lands aforesaid, which he or they shall have, taken possession of, or settled;" and the 4th section of the same act declares it "lawful for the proper marshal or officer acting as marshal, under such instructions as may for that purpose be given by the President of the United States, to remove from the lands aforesaid any and every person or persons, who shall be found on the same and who shall not have obtained permission to remain thereon; provided that three months previous notice shall be given to all such persons who were settled on such lands prior to the passing of that act; and every person who shall, at any time after the expiration of three months after such notice shall have been given, be found on any [illegible] of the lands aforesaid, shall incur a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be recovered in any court having jurisdiction of the same, and [illegible] liable on conviction to imprisonment [illegible] discretion of the court, not exceeding [illegible] months."

[illegible] Territorial laws of Utah or acts [illegible] surveys pursuant to such laws, [illegible] violation of the 3d clause of the 4th [illegible] the Constitution, which provides that Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the Territory or other property of the United States," the Constitution and laws being extended over Utah by the 17th section of the Act of Congress approved Sept 9th, 1850; U. S. Statutes, vol. 9, page 453, &c. [Also, see 6th section of Organic Act, approved Sept. 9 1850.]

"You will cause the purport of the foregoing to be made known to all whom it may concern, stating that it is the exclusive province of the Department, and the Surveyor General of Utah acting under our direction, to attend to all surveys in your District."

In reply to my suggestions respecting the extension of public surveys into localities where new settlements are being made, and the opening of a land office for the sale of lands already surveyed in this territory, the honorable Commissioner, in the same letter, says:

"We have already recommended to Congress the organization of a Land District in Utah, and your suggestions respecting the extension of surveys will be considered when we are in possession of data from you showing the demands for permanent settlements."

Mineral Lands.—I have also received a communication from the Commissioner of the Land Office, dated Aug. 10 (ultimo), instructing me in reference to the appropriations of certain mineral lands by settlers on unsurveyed government lands, in answer to my letter of 25th January last, enclosing copies of reports made to me by Messrs. Kimball & Sprague, claiming coal mines on Chalk Creek, and by Hon. C. W. Wandell in reference to the discovery and occupancy of lead mines in Beaver County. Upon the legality of these settlements the Commissioner says:

"The views of this office, shewing the illegality of the surveys of government lands by other than the U. S. surveyors, were communicated to you in my letter of the 2nd ultimo, and they apply to the illegal surveys of the half section of land embracing the coal mines, which are the property of the United States."

The foregoing extracts, from Law and Department Instructions, are published for the benefit of all who may have made, or are about to make, settlements on lands in this territory which have not been surveyed under authority of the U. States. When lands are required for permanent settlements, application should be made to this office for their survey, under the laws of the United States—all other surveys, or settlements under such surveys, are made in violation of law. Information upon every thing connected with the survey, and settlement upon government lands, will be promptly and satisfactorily given to all interested, who may apply at this office.

C. S. Stansbury,
Surveyor Gen'l U. T.

## Home News.

By the eastern mail, which arrived on Saturday last, we have New York dates to the 24th, and St. Joseph dates to the 27th of August.

The Pikite's Peer.—The eastern papers are unusually liberal in devoting space to the proceedings of "Secret" befriending Presidential parties. Of course nothing definite can be stated in relation to which party will triumph: but as we have to stand, and, as it were look on, all we can do is "to hope that the best may win." Letters have been addressed from Lexington to the New York *Herald* and Charleston *Mercury*, by James C. Reed, jr., of Louisiana, by authority of John C. Breckinridge, contradicting the reports of his withdrawal, and saying that he would in a few days reply to the slanderous charge.

Texas Troubles.—The New Orleans *Picayune* of August 4th, gives the following: Previous to the fire in Dallas the papers tell us three men, named Clark, were arrested in Chapel Hill, Texas, as Abolitionists—who were convicted of having confessed to be Abolitionists—who declared that three thousand Abolitionists lived in Texas, and who had been seen to take negroes privately into their rooms. On the 3d of July, five days before the fires, these men had been ordered to leave the State. The Austin *State Gazette* of the 28th July names the following towns as set on fire, or as being places where attempts at incendiarism were made on the 8th inst.: Dallas, Denton, Austin, a village in Cass county, Spring Hill, and Sulphur Springs. An incendiary was seen, though not arrested, making an attempt to fire the town of Tyler, on the 18th ult., and several fires, doing but little damage, occuring in various places on the 21st ult. Since the 8th, the people in the counties so assailed have established committees of safety and organized efficient patrols, without bringing the crimes committed home to any individuals, so far as reported by the Texas papers. At Fort Worth it was discovered that fifty six shooters had been distributed to negroes. The agent of the distribution was detected, and, being treated as the prompter of a servile insurrection, was instantly hung. We select these as signs of the great excitement in Texas, and some of the facts which have transpired to justify it. They are enough to create apprehension, to demand inquiry, and to justify every sort of precaution.

More Incendiarism.—Through the reports found in the Texas papers, in regard to the late extraordinary scenes that have been witnessed, we give a condensed account of them to our readers as a part of the history of the times. We copy from the Houston *Telegraph* of the 17th August. The Tyler *Reporter* of the 7th says that a report has just reached there that Belleview, in Rusk county, was burned on the night of the 4th. The paper says that Dangerfield, in Titus county, is burned. At Athens, Henderson county, a well was discovered to be poisoned on Sunday night, the 5th, and over 100 bottles of strychnine was found in possession of negroes. On examination the plot was brought to light, which was to poison as many as possible at breakfast, and then the knife and pistol, with which they are well supplied, were to do the balance of the work. All the old women and young children were to be murdered, and the young women were to be taken as wives by the hell hounds. A patrol of one hundred men is on duty every night in Tyler, and this has been for several [illegible] A stable belonging to John F. Carlisle, in Athens, was burned by an incendiary on the evening of the 6th. A negro belonging to Mr. Barron, of Science Hill, Henderson county, was hung on the 3d—strychnine having been found in his possession, and he having confessed to having a hand in the insurrection. A gentleman writing from Rush, Cherokee county, on the 4th, gives an account of a well laid plot to poison the whole community on election day. Poison was found in the possession of several of the negroes, and confessions are elicited of a determination to poison and murder the whole people. Similar plots had been discovered in Anderson and Henderson counties.

Wonderful, if True.—In a recent number of the N. Y. *Tribune*, an Illinoian offers to farmers throughout the country, a grain called Egyptian Corn. He gives the following information respecting it.—"It is estimated from its very prolific qualities, to yield 200 bushels per acre, and [illegible]weighs, by sealed measure, 65 pounds to the bushel. This Corn was produced from some procured direct from Mr. Jones, our Consular Agent, directly on his return from Egypt. It requires no different culture from that of other varieties, and in the South two crops can be raised in one season on the same ground. It grows in the form of a tree, and twenty-two ears have grown upon one stalk, and will average from five to fifteen. For domestic use it is unparalleled. When ground and properly bolted, it is equal in color and fluen as to wheaten flour. As a forage crop, by sowing in drills or broadcast, for early feed, there is no kind of corn so well adapted to milch cows, and none that will yield half the value in stalks or corn. It can be successfully grown in any State of the Union, from Maine to Texas."

Disunion Sentiment.—The Camden (Ala.) *Register* says:—"We run up our flag to-day for Breckinridge and Lane, the democratic nominees for President and Vice President of the United States. We have unwaveringly concluded for the last ten years, that it would be better (for all concerned) to make two or more distinct governments of the territory comprising the United States of America—and that such will ultimately be done, there can be no sort of doubt; but it should be done with fairness and justice to every section of the Union; and believing that the party to which we belong is the only reliable one to carry out this measure, and secure all her rights, we intend to battle for its principles to the fullest extent of our ability."

A Heartless Father.—The father of the murderer Harden, has sold his son's confession for $2,000, an infamous speculation, as it appears from the circumstances connected with it.

Severe Storm.—Central New-York was visited, on Tuesday, August 21st, by one of the most severe rain storms ever witnessed in that section. Several bridges on the Central Railroad were carried away, and the train carrying delegates to the Republican State Convention west from Albany was unable to proceed further than Fonda. The village of Fultonville was entirely submerged to the second story of the houses.

Conflagration.—The Salisbury (Me.) *Sentinel* brings us the following account of a disastrous fire which laid the greater portion of that town in ashes on Thursday, Aug. 8. Nearly sixty tenements were consumed, covering an area of some two and a half acres, and involving a loss in personal and real estate of some two hundred thousand dollars. By this dreadful calamity a large portion of the business part of our town is destroyed, and a number of our most worthy citizens deprived of shelter and support. The destruction is complete, naught remaining but the denuded chimneys of the consumed buildings, except in one solitary instance, that of the Protestant Episcopal church; its walls, which are of brick, are still standing. No lives were lost.

Protection from Indians.—The Washington correspondent of the *World* says that Col. Smith, of the 10th Infantry, reports having given 100 army-sized revolvers, sixty Mississippi rifles, and some ammunition to the agent of the Pony express, for the protection of the different stations.

Severe Storms.—On the 24th and 25th of August, fearful thunder storms visited Toronto (Upper Canada) and vicinity: the storms were accompanied by large hail. A number of buildings have been destroyed.

Aid for Pio Nono.—The subscriptions in the city of New York, in aid of the Pope of Rome, up to the 2.th ult., amounted to upwards of $57,000.

Indian Difficulties.—Dispatches received at Washington on August 23rd from Fort Kearney and Nebraska, in giving the particulars of the fight with the Kiowas and Camanches, near the Republican river, state that twenty or thirty of them were killed. They number about six hundred. On the part of the troops one private was missing and two wounded. Five of the Indian guides were killed. Intelligence has also been received from New Mexico, relative to the hostile character of the Indians there.

Drought in Texas.—The following preamble and resolutions were recently presented for the consideration and action of the citizens of Nacogdoches by the grand jury of that county before their discharge at the late term of the District court:—"Whereas a drought of unusual length and severity has pervaded our land, casting gloom and dismay over the entire country, and, we fear, threatening the people with famine and want; and whereas, owing to the almost entire failure of crops, the people will be deprived not only of the means to pay debts, but also of the means to purchase necessary supplies for their families until another crop can be raised, therefore we, the late grand jurors, Resolved 1st, That we view with feelings of apprehension and alarm the present and approaching condition of our county, and express the decided opinion that a great many families will suffer for the necessaries of life, unless some plan is devised to relieve the wants of the people. Resolved 2d, That we respectfully recommend the citizens of Nacogdoches county to assemble in mass meeting at the court house in the town of Nacogdoches, on Saturday, the 28th day of July, A.D. 1860, to consult together, and, if possible, devise means of relief. Resolved 3d, That we respectfully but earnestly request and pray Gov. Houston, to convene the legislature of this State in an extra session, at an early day, for the purpose of passing such measures of relief for the citizens as may be deemed most practicable. Resolved 4th, That we request the Nacogdoches [illegible] to publish the foregoing preamble and resolutions, and all papers friendly to [illegible] please copy.—H. H. W.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

Threatened Scarcity.—The weather in England was still unfavorable for the growing crops, causing no little anxiety. The weather correspondent of the *Mark Lane Express* says that the stock of old wheat in the farmers' hands is smaller than it has been since the memorable year 1854, and that when the new crop comes to market even less will probably be on hand than then. He remarks that: "A considerable proportion of the wheat is only (this 4th August) just off the blooming, which, now that the nights are lengthening and getting colder, will require at least six weeks to bring it to maturity, even if the weather prove favorable from this time. The farmers do not calculate upon the harvest becoming general before the second week in September, which is from a month to five weeks later than the average of years. A late harvest is always a precarious one, and I question whether the coming one will be concluded before the first week in November, if so soon in some districts. * * We shall want from fifty six to sixty-four million bushels of foreign wheat next season to make up the deficiency in the stock and crop for the consumption of the year. And if we do not get something like that quantity, prices will rule higher than we have known them since 1847 8." Some of the Irish reports were gloomy, as it respected the potato crop, and it was asserted that large supplies of Indian corn would again be wanted.

Preparing for the worst.—The British Government had decided on having the whole of its iron-plated steam floating batteries put in a state of thorough repair, and made ready for immediate service.

### FRANCE.

Baron Rothschild is at present exceedingly intimate with his Imperial Majesty, he being almost the only visitor now received at the chateau. Nearly every day, Napoleon III is seen promenading in the Park of St. Cloud arm in arm with the great banker; and scarcely a dinner occurs at which the latter has not the honor of sitting at the right hand of his Imperial Majesty. Of course the political gossips draw their own conclusion from this particular intimacy. According to some of their *on dits*, it is the intention of the Emperor to make Baron Rothschild King of Jerusalem, under the protection of France, and—as may be expected—for "a consideration."

### SYRIA.

Advices from Syria are to July 7. There is nothing fresh, but affairs were still serious.

The Druses and Bedouins, returning to Bonsan, passed through Damascus, and proposed a general massacre of the Christians to Abd el Kader, who refused to countenance it. The inhabitants, however, became accomplices in the murder of christians which took place. It is confirmed that some Turkish soldiers assisted the assassins.

The latest dates from Damascus report all quiet there, but murders were still committed in the surrounding country.

Thirty thousand Christian women were sold at twenty-five piastres each, and were detained in harems.

## Married:

At Cedar Fort, Cedar county, on the 22nd ult., by Bishop Allen Weeks, Mr. Henry Cuthbertson and Miss Anna Bowles.

## Died:

On the 12th of September, in Round Valley, Millard co., of cholera morbus, Daniel Frankie Brown, aged 18 years. The deceased was a resident of Pleasant Grove.

# Advertisements.

**WANTED IMMEDIATELY,**

4,000 BUSHELS of Wheat, also Oats, and Barley, for which the highest market price will be paid.

THOMAS BOX.

July 27 1860. 49-tf.

**STATE FAIR.**

THE DESERET AGRICULTURAL AND MANUFACTURING SOCIETY, will hold their Fifth Annual Exhibition, in the Deseret Store, East of the Temple Block, on Wednesday and Thursday, 3rd and 4th October next. All articles intended for competition will be received there by the clerk, on Monday and Tuesday, 1st and 2nd October. The Live Stock will have to be in the public cattle yard, on Thursday by noon.

No person will receive any premium unless his membership is renewed to Jesse C. Little, Treasurer, before the day of exhibition, which is one dollar annually.

EDWARD HUNTER, President.
THOMAS BULLOCK, Secretary.

**JOHN KAY**

HAS left his Accounts for collection in my hands. Prompt payments are requested; if not made early, they will be urged.

s4 1t W. I. APPLEBY.

**DRIVEN OFF,**

FROM a herdboy, on the State Road, on the 13th of September, a large red and white HEIFER, branded J. H. L. on the left horn. Five Dollars Reward will be given for any information that will lead to her recovery, by

MICHAEL HOLDEN.

s4-tf 9th Ward, G. S. L. City.

**CASH, CASH, CASH!**

WILL be paid for good Fresh BUTTER and EGGS, delivered at the residence of s4 2t CHAS. H. OLIPHANT, 12th Ward.

**American Fork Wool Carding.**

I PURPOSE running my Machine all winter, night and day if necessary, and hope to be able to give entire satisfaction, if the people do their duty in preparing their wool. My teams will leave rolls every Saturday at James Gordon's, near Gardner's Mill, also at John Snider's, 17th Ward, opposite Peck's blacksmith's shop, where I will be ready to receive wool on Monday morning. Every package must have the name sewed on to avoid mistakes.

SAMUEL MULLINER.

☞I will buy Butter or Lard that is not fit for family use, also Hides, Skins and Bark.

s4-3t

**SOMETHING NEW IN UTAH.**

WILLIAM ROGERS

BEGS respectfully to announce to the public in G. S. L. City and vicinity, that he is working as a

**MANUFACTURING SILVER SMITH,**

nearly opposite Messrs. Cronyn & Co.'s Store, in Main St; at which place he is ready to MAKE or REPAIR all articles in his line of business.

The subscriber wishes to call special attention to his

**Electro Plating Apparatus,**

by which he is enabled to plate articles, in all kinds of metal, with either gold or silver.

Having had extensive experience in some of the first houses in London (England), and in the Eastern States, gives the advertiser complete confidence in being able to gratify the most fastidious taste.

*Also, on the same Premises,*

HENRY BRUCE (late of New York) will attend to the engraving of articles of gold, silver and other metals. Work done with neatness and despatch, and terms liberal. s4-2t

**BIG COTTONWOOD**

**DISTILLERY.**

THE Proprietor having opened a House in Salt Lake City, sign of

**Pony Express,**

is prepared to supply his customers with a very superior article of

WHISKY, BRANDY, CORDIAL, AND BEER.

☞All kinds of Produce, especially Wheat, taken in exchange.

Sept. 17. s4-tf WILLIAM HOWARD.

**Fresh Arrivals.**

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT.

**FIRST CLASS GOODS!**

*LOWEST PRICES!*

**W. JENNINGS,**

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage he has received, will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same, and accordingly begs respectfully to announce that he has added to his former excellent stock of superior Merchandise, a

**CHOICE SELECTION**

OF THE

NEWEST

**GOODS,**

FROM THE

**Trains of Messrs. Ranzhoff & Walker,**

CONSISTING OF

**STAPLE ARTICLES,**

GROCERIES,

AND

**FANCY GOODS.**

Coats, Pants and Vests;
Overshirts and Drawers;
Men's Black and Colored Hats & Plush Caps;
Broad Cloths, Satinettes and Jeans;
Delaines, Plaids and Linseys;
Hickory, Denims, Ticking and Checks;
Domestics, Calicoes and Ginghams;
Ribbons, Laces and Fringes;
Gloves, Hose, and Yankee Notions;
Oils, Varnish, Turpentine and Lead;
Locks, Butts, Screws and Glass;
Hardware and Cutlery.

*Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Spices, &c., &c.*

Another Reduction in price of BOOTS and SHOES; also a large stock of Upper and Sole LEATHER, which must be cleared out. Liberal reductions to large purchasers.

If you are desirous of laying out your money to the best advantage, call on JENNINGS, at his Old Stand, on Main Street, and you will be convinced that he is selling goods of the best quality at the most reasonable prices, as the stock is complete with a general assortment, which cannot fail to please.

A liberal allowance to wholesale purchasers, country dealers and hawkers.

The MEAT & PROVISION MARKET carried on as usual, one door South.

A few good Beef Cattle, Sheep, Butter, Eggs, &c., wanted in exchange. 16-tf

**Fresh Arrivals!**

*FRESH ARRIVALS!!*

GOODS! GOODS!

**GOODS,**

**Cheaper, Still Cheaper!**

*IN GREAT VARIETY, STYLE, AND BEAUTY,*

**UNSURPASSED BY ANY,**

AT

**WALKER BROTHERS',**

**East Temple Street, G. S. L. City,**

AND

**Main St, Fairfield, Camp Floyd.**

☞The attention of Country Dealers particularly solicited. 1-tf

**North the Empire Rolls.**

WANTED, at Providence, Cache Valley, an A No. 1 BLACKSMITH. Constant business will be furnished. s1-4t S. M. BLAIR.

**Providence, Cache Valley,**

OFFERS inducements to Artists and Mechanics not excelled in the Territory. Cabinet-makers, Waggon-makers, Wheelwrights, Tanners, Farmers, Tailors, Saddlers, Harness-makers, Machinists, and especially Coopers. Sawyers, Carpenters and Joiners. They would do well to give the place a call, if wanting to commence or set up business.

s1-4t S. M. BLAIR.

**NOTICE.**

MESSRS. HOUTZ & BRINGHURST beg to inform the public that they have a large and excellent assortment of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES, of every description, at their establishment in Springville, which they will exchange for Wheat and Cattle, allowing the highest market price. They have also a large quantity of Wool, which they will exchange for wheat or cash. Call and see us at the Houtz & Co.'s Mill. s3-tf

A. MERRILL, HATTER,

HAS on hand Ladies' Black Beaver Riding HATS, Gents' Otter, Black Felt, & Napped Beaver HATS, and other styles and varieties.

Wanted—Furs, Hay and Grain; Store, Territorial, County and City Orders.

Repairs neatly executed.

17th Ward, one block east of Union Square. 45-3m

**NOTICE.**

C. WOODMANSEE requests all persons who have Young Stock in their possession, branded crop off left ear, dove tail in the right ear, and in some cases, in consequence of frost, has the appearance of half crop, to return them to G. Hutchins on Weber river, and they will be liberally rewarded.

C. WOODMANSEE.

G. S. L. City, May 5, 1860. 38-tf

**E. G. ERICSEN**

BEGS leave to state to his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his

**Tailor's Shop,**

to the next door south of Ballan, the Watchmaker, in Main St., at which place he will be most happy to attend to all business in his line.

All who patronize him may expect prompt attention and work of the finest finish. Having been professionally engaged in several of the capitals of Europe, he considers himself capable of executing work in the latest style of fashion.

All kinds of clothing cleaned. Stains, grease-spots, &c., removed; and old garments made to appear nearly equal to new.

Cutting done on reasonable terms.

A large quantity of heavy cloth always on hand.

Buckskins wanted immediately. 33-tf

**PANTECHNICON.**

**IMMENSE ATTRACTION!**

A New Arrival of very Superior GOODS, and now Selling at Unparalelled Low Prices.

**G. CLEMENTS,**

GRATEFUL for many past favors, respectfully informs the public that he has opened his

**NEW STORE**

in EAST TEMPLE STREET, G. S. L. City; where he has on hand an extensive Stock of the best articles of

MERCHANDISE,

And the choicest varieties of

**GROCERIES**

that can be purchased in the Eastern Markets with ready money.

The GROCERIES consist of the luxuries and comforts of life—of everything suitable for the finest and most fastidious taste, and every comfort for the plainest appetite and humblest means.

The MERCHANDISE comprises Dry Goods of all kinds, textures, patterns, colors and shades to please and delight the eye, and adorn and comfort the body.

A large assortment of the most fashionable styles of

**HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES,**

in great variety to suit old and young, rich and poor.

The patrons of education will learn with pleasure that he has on hand a splendid stock of uniform

SCHOOL BOOKS,

embracing McGuffey's series of Readers, Mitchel's Geography and Atlas, Ray's Arithmetic, Slates, Pencils, Stationery, &c., &c.

**IRONMONGERY.**

TINWARE.

**Brass Kettles, Butts, Screws, Looking Glasses, Queensware, and Yankee Notions;**

and, in short, everything suitable for the growing demands of a great and prosperous people.

The goods are marked at the lowest figures, and cannot fail to give satisfaction to the purchaser.

The STORE may easily be distinguished by the large

**TOWN CLOCK**

in front of the building, which will give the correct time day and night, and be a guide to the best and cheapest Emporium in Utah.

The strictest attention paid to business and customers. The patronage of the public respectfully solicited.

**STAINES, NEEDHAM & CO.**

WE, the undersigned, having received from the EASTERN STATES

*A CHOICE ASSORTMENT*

OF

DRY

**GOODS,**

GROCERIES,

**HARDWARE,**

**PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,**

STATIONERY,

**CROCKERY WARE,**

**And Notions;**

And in addition thereto having purchased the entire Stock of Messrs. HOCKADAY & BURR, we are prepared to TRADE for

**CASH, CATTLE, WHEAT OR FLOUR,**

on reasonable terms.

STAINES, NEEDHAM & CO.

G. S. L. City, Aug. 28, 1860. s1-tf

**CHARLES KIDDELL,**

MANUFACTURING JEWELLER, &c,

*Opposite W Jennings' Store, East Temple Street,*

THANKFUL for past favors, respectfully solicits a liberal share of future patronage, which he will endeavor to merit by strict attention, superior workmanship, and reasonable terms. Gold and Silver Chains, Buckles, Rings, &c., &c., always on hand, or made to order. Repairs neatly executed. Wheat, Flour, Cash, &c., taken. s1-4t

**Great Reduction!**

THE

PURE POTEEN

**CHEAPER THAN EVER**

AT

**THE TENTH WARD**

**DISTILLERY.**

**Wholesale, $2 50; Retail, $3 00.**

THE undersigned again returns thanks for the liberal patronage of his friends heretofore, and begs to assure them that he has still on hand at his residence, near the OLD POTTERY, in the 10th Ward, a superior

*UNADULTERATED ARTICLE*

OF

GRAIN WHISKY,

Also prepared by himself and warranted, a delicious article of

**PURE CORDIAL.**

The distillery is still under the constant personal superintendence of the proprietor, who holds himself responsible that no deleterious matter is introduced into his liquors either in the distillation or rectifying thereof. His long experience in the business has prepared him to compete with the best professors in the art.

42-tf. GEORGE DADDLEY.

**Labor is Wealth—Persevere & Prosper.**

D. J. ROSS, SHOEMAKER,

BEGS to inform the public that he has REMOVED his Shop to the Mechanics' Buildings, on 2nd South Street, near the Post Office, where he is on hand to accommodate his customers with whatever they want in his line. Encourage labor and create wealth. All kinds of produce taken as payment. 49-3m

CHARLES KING,

**WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKER,**

CARPENTER AND HOUSE JOINER,

**EMIGRATION STREET.**

REPAIRS promptly executed. Give me a call. 1-tf

**HATTING.**

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to the public that he has resumed the above business at his old stand in the 17th Ward, G. S. L City, one block north of Temple Block.

**WANTED,**

All kinds of furs, for which a liberal price will be paid; also Saxony sheep and lamb's wool, fire wood, &c.

37-tf JOSEPH L. HEYWOOD.

NEW GOODS

**FROM THE EAST.**

**J.B. KIMBALL & CO.**

WOULD respectfully call the attention of their friends and customers to their

**LARGE STOCK**

OF

**GOODS,**

Just received from the East, which consists of

*STAPLE AND FANCY*

**DRY GOODS**

**Millinery Goods,**

**DRESS TRIMMINGS,**

HARDWARE,

**Boots and Shoes,**

*QUEENSWARE,*

HATS & CAPS,

**GOLDEN ERA**

COOK STOVES;

A FULL STOCK OF

*STAPLE AND FANCY*

**GROCERIES**

All of the above goods we invite the public to examine

**Quality and Prices.**

s1-tf J. B. KIMBALL & CO.

**HOWARD & BOWRING,**

*MANUFACTURERS OF LEATHER, BOOTS, SHOES,*

**HARNESS, SADDLES, ETC.,**

AT the Old Stand of CUMMINGS & JONES, and also at the SADDLERY adjoining the Post Office, and fronting on Main Street.

Having employed a large number of the most efficient workmen, H. & B. are prepared and determined to give the utmost satisfaction in the quality of all articles manufactured by them as well as in punctuality in filling orders.

A liberal price paid for hides, bark and oil.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange. 50-tf

**WANTED,**

AT my FURNITURE SHOP,

2500 feet 4 by 4 Scantling.
2500 feet 3 by 4 Scantling.
5000 " 2 inch Plank.
2000 " 1¼ " "
2500 " 1½ " "
5000 " 1 " "

Also, a Lot of Red Pine and Quaking Asp Timber for Chairs.

A large quantity of Furniture constantly on hand.

Call and see. 49-tf J. C. LITTLE.

*"Give us the Fruit of our own Hands, and let our own Works praise us in our Gates."*

THE undersigned has opened his COMB FACTORY, in the 17th Ward, on Jordan Street, and sells a good article of Coarse and Fine Combs by the dozen and by the piece. I will take every kind of produce in exchange at Tithing Office prices, but will allow for meat 10c. a pound; for hard wood, $10; soft wood, $8 per cord; for home made cloth, $2 50; rolls, 75 cents; woollen yarn, $1 50 a pound, to encourage home manufacture.

51-3m LOUIS BISCHOFF.

**BLACKSMITH AND FARRIER.**

R. R. ROGERS,

HAVING a good Blacksmith Shop in operation on EAST TEMPLE STREET, east of the Post Office, he is always on hand to accommodate the public generally.

Remember that he took the first and second premiums for horse shoes at the last annual Fair, as will be seen by reference to the "Deseret News."

FARRIERY attended to in all its branches.

☞He has just received from the East, and offers for sale, 50 good WAGGONS, suitable for either a yoke of oxen or a span of horses. He will take cash, cattle or grain in payment. Apply in time. 52-tf

**WOODMANSEE & BROS.**

HAVING recently purchased a NEW and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of

**GOODS,**

have them opened and now offered for sale in the House lately occupied by

**HORD & DICKSON,**

*Situated on the East side of East Temple Street, G. S. L. City.*

Their Stock consists of a fine assortment of Prints of the latest style, Lawns, Jaconetts, Delaines, Flannels, bleached and unbleached Muslin, Hosiery, Cotton Yarn, Satinettes, Jeans, Cottonades, Cassimeres, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes; Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Tobacco, Soaps, Dye Stuffs, Powder and Lead. Also, a fine assortment of Liquors, including a superior article of Bourbon Whisky, Bottled Brandies, Old Rye, and other liquors, with a variety of Fancy Notions. In fact, a complete assortment of everything suitable to the wants and demands of the Utah market.

*TERMS, CASH.*

A few yoke of good work oxen would be taken in exchange for our goods.

Give us a call. No trouble to show goods. 49-tf

SAVE YOUR PAPER RAGS.

THE inhabitants of Utah are requested to gather up and save their worn out wagon covers, and every description of cotton and linen rags for paper making, and deliver them, from time to time, to the Bishops of the several Wards, or the *News* and MOUNTAINEER Offices or their agents, for which, when clean, they will be allowed five cents a pound. The rags can be sufficiently cleansed in pure water, without soap.

It is expected that, in a few months, all who wish can receive paper in exchange for rags.

EDWARD HUNTER, Presiding Bishop.

37-tf

**Fire & Brimstone**

A. C. PYPER

TAKES pleasure in presenting to the public a superior article of

*HOME-MANUFACTURED*

SULPHUR AND BRIMSTONE,

better than any imported from the States. For SALE at Messrs. NIXON, GODDARD, and A. TAYLOR & SON'S STORES, wholesale and retail.

Who will encourage Home Manufacture? 39-tf

E. MARTIN,

*CARRIAGE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL AND HOUSE*

**PAINTER,**

GILDER, &c.

ALL kinds of GRAINING and MARBLING neatly executed.

**PUTTY,**

Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Japan, &c., &c., for sale by retail.

THE BEST

PAINT SHOP,

*IN THE TERRITORY,*

In rear of DAFT'S STORE, East Temple Street. 41-tf

GLOBE

**BAKERY,**

*Next door north of Livingston, Bell & Co.'s Store.*

**RICHARD COLIGHTLY**

BEGS most respectfully to thank his friends and the public generally for past patronage, and solicits an inspection of his present stock of Crackers, &c., of the different kinds of which, viz., Milk Crackers, Butter Crackers, Boston Crackers and Sheet Bread, he has a large quantity always on hand, so that sojourners and others can be supplied with a choice stock of the staff of life, manufactured of the best material, and at moderate prices, at a moment's notice.

FINE LIGHT BREAD

Hot at 5 p.m. every day. Pound Cakes, Wedding Cakes, Sugar Crackers, Cakes, Buns, Alsorority, wine, and if properties and soda Crackers made to order on short notice.

Rye Bread three times a week. 39-tf

**GREAT INDUCEMENTS!**

A LARGE AMOUNT

OF

**MERCHANDISE**

**SACRIFICED AT UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES.**

HAVING opened our Establishment on the "Low Price" and "Live and let live" System, the undersigned would call the attention of the people of Utah Territory to their

**Choice and Assorted Stock**

OF

**DRY GOODS**

**STAPLE GOODS,**

AND

**GENERAL**

MERCHANDISE,

Which they are determined to SELL

**Cheap for Cash.**

If it is your intention to save money in your purchases, call and examine our Stock and Prices, before buying elsewhere, and you will soon be convinced of the truth of our assertion.

☞ *We take pleasure, and consider it no trouble, to show our Goods.*

J. CALISHER & CO.,

Next door to Young and Irwin's,

48-tf MAIN STREET.

**JORDAN MILLS.**

THE Proprietors of the above Mills respectfully beg leave to inform their friends and patrons, that they have thoroughly repaired and fitted up their mill in a manner not surpassed in the Territory. They are now prepared to attend to all business, in their line, entrusted to them.

To our old customers we return our thanks for past favors, and solicit their patronage *anew.*

31-tf D. R. ALLEN & Co.

PAINTING.

**W. V. MORRIS,**

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

SHOP—Next door north of George Cronyn's Store, East Temple Street. 15-tf

**BLACKSMITHING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.**

H. C. JACKSON will be on hand to accommodate his friends and customers at his Old Stand, near BALLO'S HALL, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, to be worthy the patronage of all who want good work done.

Accounts of long standing will be collected without fail. A hint to the wise is sufficient. 12-tf

**ESTRAYS.**

I HAVE in my possession one red muley COW; white in the face. One white OX, branded F. L. on horn, reversed. A board on his neck; with N. P. cut on it.

S. Foster. Poundkeeper.

G. S. L. City, Sept. 14th, 1860. s3-tf.

**CONTRACTS FOR GRAIN.**

Deputy Quartermaster General's Office,
CAMP FLOYD, U. T., 20th August, 1860.

SEALED proposals will be received at this office, addressed to the undersigned, until Monday the 1st of October next, at ten o'clock for delivery to the United States at this place, in quantities from time to time as required, until the 30th June, 1861, THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND bushels of good, sound, clean Oats, Wheat, Barley, or Corn. The Oats to weigh thirty-five, Wheat sixty, Barley forty-eight, and Corn fifty-six pounds to the bushel. The privilege is reserved to the United States of increasing the amount one third, on thirty days notice. The whole of the grain to be subject to inspection on delivery, and of rejection if not conformable to contract.

Bidders will please state the price per bushel for each kind of grain; and endorse on their letters "proposal for grain."

The proposals will be opened in the presence of the bidders, if they choose to be present.

G. H. CROSSMAN,

s3-tf. Dep'y. Qr. Mstr. Gen'l., U. S. A.

**CACHE VALLEY.**

WANTED, a man that thoroughly understands BURNING LIME, at Wellsville, Cache Valley. An excellent and lucrative opening is presented and guaranteed to a first-class workman. Apply to the subscriber.

s2 3t IRA AMES.

**EXCHANGE!!**

WE have a herd of STOCK, consisting of several hundred head of Milch Cows and Calves, Heifers, two year olds, Mules, California Mares, &c., which we wish to EXCHANGE for GOOD WORK CATTLE.

For particulars apply at our office in the Salt Lake House. MILLER, RUSSELL & CO.

G. S. L. City, July 23, 1860.—49-tf

**WHO WILL EXCHANGE?**

I HAVE 32 acres of Farming Land enclosed by itself, and under cultivation; together with a good dwelling house, which I will exchange for City property, cash, or stock.

For particulars, apply at the MOUNTAINEER office. 39-tf.

**BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS WANTED.**

I WILL give constant employment to 20 good boot and shoe makers. W. JENNINGS.

44-tf

NEW ARRIVALS

**FROM THE EAST,**

**At Livingston, Bell & Co.'s.**

LIVINGSTON, BELL & CO. would respectfully tender thanks to their many friends & patrons for past favors, while they have again to announce the arrival, within a few days, of two trains of 60 Waggons, loaded with a very large and superior selection of

NEW GOODS.

*FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN PRICES*

May be expected on many items independent of the supply or demand by market. We invite an early call to examine our stock.

A full assortment of citizen's as well as military Goods kept at our store in CAMP FLOYD, where, as well as in Salt Lake City, Country Dealers can be supplied at wholesale, on liberal terms.

Fifty-Eight Chicago Waggons and several hundred head of superior work Oxen also for sale.

43-tf LIVINGSTON, BELL & CO.

**JOHN RAY,**

**SURGEON DENTIST,**

OFFICE—East Temple Street, at Residence.

**W. F. ANDERSON, M.D.,**

**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.**

☞Office and Residence, 13th Ward, opposite City Bakery. 4-tf

**D. RICHARDSON, M.D.,**

*N. E. corner of West Temple, and 2nd South Sts.*

I WILL wait upon all persons, in pursuit of health, who may favor me with a call. I keep constantly on hand a choice selection of medicine of the best quality for my practice; also Richardson's Concentrated Physical Injudice Bitters, and Family Pills. They have no equal for the bilious attacks peculiar to this climate. They are put up by me, fresh every month. Every family in the country should keep on hand this valuable medicine, which is ready for use when needed; have these instead of the cheap, useless preparations that are palmed off on Utah, which have been put up twenty years ago.

Trusses, Abdominal and Uterine Supporters, and other instruments, on an improved plan, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri (falling down of the womb). Persons troubled with these weaknesses, will find it to their advantage to consult DR. RICHARDSON.

Cash, wheat, flour, butter, eggs, &c., taken in exchange. Don't forget to bring it along.

37-tf.

**DENTAL ART.**

THE undersigned has received an assortment of Stocton's celebrated Mineral TEETH, with Gums; also, American and English TEETH, without Gums. He is now prepared to accommodate such as may call on him, with from one to a full set on Gold Plates.

JAS. M. BARLOW,

Clock and Watch Maker,

First house east of the Deseret Store,

4-tf G. S. L. City.

**Dissolution of Partnership.**

THE Partnership heretofore existing between DUSTIN AMY and A. J. SMITH, under the firm of AMY & SMITH, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm will please call on D. Amy and settle the same forthwith.

DUSTIN AMY,
A. J. SMITH.

G. S. L. City, Sept. 19, 1860. s4-3t

**GET YOUR MONEY BACK.**

THE undersigned have opened a NEW STORE, in

**FARMINGTON, DAVIS COUNTY,**

WHERE THEY ARE SELLING

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

**Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and Ready Made Clothing,**

*CHEAP FOR CASH.*

JUDSON L. STODDARD,
THOMAS S. SMITH,
LEONARD G. RICE.

Farmington, Davis Co. 13-tf

**JAMES HAGUE,**

GUN AND LOCK SMITH.

[SHOP IN EAST TEMPLE STREET.]

RIFLES, Shot Guns, Revolving Pistols, &c., carefully cleaned, repaired and put in order.

Mexican Spurs made to order and always on hand.

☞Call and see me. 1-tf

SELLING AT COST WITHOUT FREIGHT!

**WILLIAM DERR**

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Utah that he has commenced manufacturing COMBS, at his Residence, one block south of Union Square, 16th Ward. If you want fine, coarse, or fancy dressing Combs, now is your time. He will take in exchange grain, flour, corn, &c., at Tithing prices. Cash will be taken at par. 10-tf

**WM. S. GODBE**

KEEPS constantly on hand a choice selection of

**DRUGS,**

MEDICINES,

AND

**CHEMICALS,**

of the best quality.

A full assortment of the well-known

**GRAEFENBERG FAMILY REMEDIES,**

the extraordinary efficacy of which has been so abundantly tested in this Territory.

A great variety of

**Patent Medicines, Fancy Soaps, Oils, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, &c.**

**Indigo, Extract Logwood, Madder and other Dye Stuffs.**

**Nipple Glasses, Breast Pipes, Nursing Bottles, Syringes, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, and Female Abdominal Supporters,**

Of the best styles.

**Fresh Baled Cultivated HOPS.**

☞Prescriptions carefully filled.

All kinds of Grain taken in payment.

**BREWERY.**

I am now offer the public an article of

**Ale and Beer**

that will compare favorably with any in the world.

WM. S. GODBE.

One door south of Drug Store, Main Street. 33-tf

**Fashionable Tailoring**

**ESTABLISHMENT.**

**THRELL & SPROAT**

BEG respectfully to inform the citizens of this city that they will hold forth at their Old Stand, one door south of GEORGE GODDARD'S, East Temple Street, where they will keep a supply of GOODS, suitable for Coats and Pants, always on hand.

Fancy Buckskin Coats and Pants made to order. Also, a good supply of READY-MADE CLOTHING always on hand.

Coming down. Terms reasonable. 43-tf